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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/660,980	09/12/2003	Anthony Teillet	100318-00111	6120
7590 08/23/2005		EXAMINER		
Robert C. Klinger			DINH, TRINH VO	
Jackson Walker LLP. Suite 600			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2435 North Central Expressway			2821	
Richardson, TX 75080			DATE MAILED: 08/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			AK
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/660,980	TEILLET ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Trinh Vo Dinh	2821	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	:s
Period for Reply	DIVIC CET TO EVDIDE 2 N	AONTH/S) EDOM	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of this od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  rty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this commul  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on an	nendment filed 06/20/2005.		
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ T	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	·	•	rits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.E	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>1-3,21,23,24 and 26-29</u> is/are reject	cted.		
7) Claim(s) 4-20,22 and 25 is/are objected to.	d/an alaatian namuinaaant		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	a/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami		•	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	ccepted or b) ☐ objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		• •	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn	•	•	` '
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	a Office Action or form P1O-1	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei	gn priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority docume		Ann Pan Pan Ala	
<ul><li>2. Certified copies of the priority docume</li><li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority</li></ul>			70
application from the International Bure	•	Treceived iii tiiis Mational Otag	je
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li		received.	
Attachment(s)	_		
1) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ⊠ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	)

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

This is a response to amendment filed 06/20/2005. The rejections of claims 21-22 under 35 USC & 112 second paragraph have been withdrawn in view of the amendment. However, the amended claims 1-29 necessitates a new ground of rejection as discussed below.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gottl et al (USP 6,333,720 of record) in view of Powel (US 6,243,050 B1).

Gottl discloses, in Figs. 4-6, an antenna having a first arrangement of dipole elements (1a, col. 3, lines 30+) forming a first band (col. 3, lines 25-29) and a second arrangement of dipole elements (3a, col. 3, lines 30+) forming a second band (col. 3, lines 25-29), the antenna adapted to provide a variable downtilt of the first and the second beam. However, Gottl does not suggest the dipole elements being adapted to provide the first and second beam having a 90-degree azimuth beamwidth. Powel discloses, in col. 4, lines 7-20, dipole elements providing a 90 degree azimuth beamwidth. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to arrange Gottl 's dipole elements to produce 90 degree azimuth bandwidth as taught by Powel since the radiating elements being arranged to achieved a desired bandwidth would have been obvious to one skill in the art.

3. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gottl as modified by Power, further in view of Le et al (US 2005/0001778 of record).

With respect to claim 2, Gottl as modified by Power disclose every feature of the claim invention except a microstrip feeder. Le discloses a first band (dipoles 14) being fed by a microstrip (30, 64) disposed upon a printed circuit board (50). The use of microstrip networks for feeding antennas has been well known in the art. Therefore, to provide Gottl's antenna with microstrip network as taught by Le for feeding dipole elements would have been obvious to one skill in the art.

With respect to claim 3, Le discloses, in claims 12-13, a first dielectric member (56) slidingly disposed over the microstrip (64).

4. Claims 21 and 23-24, as the best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gottl as modified by Powel, and further in view of Wood et al (US 6,211,840 of record).

With respect to claims 23-24, Gottl as modified by Power disclose substantially the claimed invention as noted above in claim 1. Gottl further discloses the antenna elements (1a, 3a) being dipoles (col. 3, lines 60+). However, Gottl does not suggest a balun capacitively coupled to one said dipole. Fig. 2 of Wood shows a balun (7) capacitively coupled to one said dipole (9) and a microstrip. It would have been obvious to one skill in the art to provide Gottl's dipole antennas with Wood's balun in order to improve the antenna's performances.

With respect to claim 21, Wood discloses at least one the antenna element (Fig. 3) having an arm (13) extending at 45°.

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5. Claims 26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gottl in view of Power.

With respect to claim 26, Gottl as modified by Power discloses every feature of the claimed invention except the first band being a cellular band and the second band being a PCS band. However, it is fundamental knowledge that an antenna is capable of being scaled or tuned to any desired frequency, including the cellular band and the PCS band (attached document "Antenna Frequency Scaling" discloses a dimension of an antenna can be redesigned for any frequency band as long as all of the measurement of the original antenna are scaled based on the formula). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to scale Gottl's antenna elements to operate in the cellular band and PCS band since select desired operation frequency band involves the elementary application such fundamental knowledge.

With respect to claim 27, Gottl discloses, in Fig. 4, a center arrangement of the antenna dipoles (3a), and a pair of dipole arrangements (1a) disposed along each side of the cellular band antenna dipoles (3a).

With respect to claim 28, Gottl discloses the PCS band antenna dipoles (1a) being mechanically configured differently than the cellular band antenna dipoles (3b) to reduce cross polarization.

With respect to claim 29, Gottl discloses, the PCS antenna dipoles (1a) having one arm extending at an angle offset at least 45 degrees from an arm of the other dipole (shown in Fig. 5, one arm of a dipole 1a is extending at an angle about 90 degree from an arm of the other dipole 1a)

## Allowable Subject Matter

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6. Claims 4-20, 22 and 25 would be allowable if rewritten to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims and/or rewritten to overcome the objections set forth in the office action.

7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The cited art of record fails to teach the microstrip comprising a first microstrip portion having a serpentine pattern with the first dielectric member slidably disposed thereover as defined in claim 4, or at least one said antenna element has a first arm extending generally horizontal, and another opposite second arm extending at 45° with respect to the first arm as defined in claim 22.

### Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Inquiry

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Trinh Vo Dinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-1821. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30AM to 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Don Wong, can be reached on (571) 272-1834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Trinh Vo Dinh

August 22, 2005

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